

# **Scenarios**

## Lab Matters study day Oake Manor, Taunton Monday 15<sup>th</sup> December 2014

Lab Matters study day, 15th December 2014



### Scenarios

Consider the issues in the situation described:

- What are the failings / points of poor practice
- What are the possible consequences for the patient, for the lab.
- What actions can be taken to resolve the situation



#### Scenario 1.

An 'urgent' request for 1 unit of red cells has been received from MAU; however the sample tube is missing the patient's date of birth, and under your trust's zero tolerance policy cannot be accepted.

MAU are informed they need to re-bleed the patient and correctly label the tube.

A senior medic rings up demanding the original sample is processed, and saying that someone will come down and fill in the missing information if that is what it takes.



### Scenario 2.

A major haemorrhage protocol has been triggered for a male patient admitted to the ED and a sample is received, however a second sample is required as the patient has no historical group.

The ED staff are refusing to take another sample as the first was all done correctly.



Scenario 3.

A request has been received in to the transfusion laboratory for 2 units of FFP for reversal of anticoagulant (not specified) in a 75kg man, the request for does not state if he is actively bleeding.



Scenario 4.

A porter arrives at the transfusion laboratory to collect both of the 2 units of red cells requested for a 50kg 77 year old woman who is symptomatic of anaemia with a Hb of 95g/L.



Scenario 5.

A senior medic is insisting on 2 units (ATDs) of platelets to give to a patient with bone marrow failure with platelet count of 30 prior to them having a central line inserted.



Scenario 6.

A major haemorrhage protocol has been triggered for a patient in A&E believed to have been born after 01/01/96. You only have standard (UK sourced) FFP available to issue.