

Major haemorrhage in adults

≥ 40% loss of total blood volume

4 litres in 24 hours

2 litres in 3 hours

> 150ml/min

Get senior help

Contact senior member of clinical team. Contact senior ward nurses Contact portering services

Contact Transfusion

Ask Transfusion to 'initiate major haemorrhage protocol'

Contact Transfusion Laboratory

Important phone numbers

Assess ABC

IV access

Check patient identification

2 large cannula

Send blood samples, cross-match, FBC, coagulation, biochemistry

Consider arterial blood gas measurement

Resuscitate

IV warm fluids - crystalloid or colloid Give oxygen

Give blood

Blood loss >40% blood volume is immediately life-threatening

Give 4 units via fluid warmer. Aim for Hb>80g/l Give Group O if immediate need and/or blood group unknown

Prevent coagulopathy

Anticipate need for platelets and FFP after 4 units blood replacement and continuing bleeding

Give Primary Major Haemorrhage (MH) Pack

Order Secondary Major Haemorrhage (MH) Pack

Correct hypothermia

Correct hypocalcaemia (keep ionised Ca >1.13mmol/L)

Send FBC and coagulation samples after every 3-5 units of blood given

Give tranexamic acid for trauma patients and consider it's use in non traumatic bleeding Dose: 1g iv over 10 minutes then 1g over 8 hours

Contact Haematologist

Blood loss >40% blood volume

• 1500–2000mls loss

MH may manifest as

- Pulse > 110, RR > 30
- Hypotensive in trauma systolic BP<90 mmHg
- Urine < 20mls/h

When laboratory results available

IF	GIVE
Falling Hb	Red cells
APTT and/or PT ratio >1.5	FFP 15–20ml/kg
Fibrinogen <1.5g/l and obstetrics <2g/l	Cryoprecipitate (2 pools)
Platelet count <50 x 10 ⁹ /l	Platelets 1 adult dose order at 100 x 10 ⁹ /l

Primary MH pack

• RBC 5 units

Before transfusion

Check patient ID

• Use wristbands

• FFP 4 units

Alternate RBC and FFP and aim for **RBC:FFP ratio 2:1**

Trauma Primary MH pack

- RBC 5 units
- Platelets 1 unit

Secondary MH pack

- RBC 5 units
- FFP 4 units
- Platelets
- Cryoprecipitate

If bleeding continues repeat secondary pack

Contact surgeons, gastroenterologists, obstetricians as appropriate

- FFP 4 units

Aim for RBC:FFP of 1:1

Reassess and document

Get help to stop bleeding