

Key Performance IndicatorsQuarter 1 - 2015/16

Key Performance Indicators

Purpose:

- Review the performance of NHSBT
- Assess the effectiveness of stock management
- Assist with demand planning
- Meet expected targets



Key Performance Indicators

Includes:

- Age of red cells at dispatch
- Number of time expired platelet units
- O RhD Negative red cell issues
- Red cell stock
- Number of red cell, platelet and frozen component issues



Age of Red cells at Dispatch

- We aim to maintain a balanced stock age profile across sites
- Stock movement costs are considered
- NHSBT operate a first in first out policy





Age of Red Cells at Dispatch (Days)

NHSBT Centre	2014/15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	YTD
Leeds	13.0	12.4	12.9	13.8	13.1
Sheffield	11.8	11.2	12.0	13.3	12.2
Birmingham	12.1	11.9	12.3	13.6	12.6
Brentwood	10.8	9.9	10.8	11.6	10.7
Cambridge	13.3	12.3	13.0	15.0	13.4
Manchester	12.3	12.3	13.7	14.2	13.4
Lancaster	12.0	11.8	11.7	12.9	12.1
Liverpool	12.3	11.1	11.5	12.7	11.8
Newcastle	11.4	11.2	12.1	12.3	11.9
Tooting	13.1	12.8	13.6	14.3	13.6
Southampton	13.0	12.0	12.8	13.4	12.7
Filton	11.8	10.4	10.7	12.0	11.0
Plymouth	12.2	11.2	12.3	13.2	12.2
Oxford	12.4	11.0	12.0	13.7	12.2
Colindale	10.1	9.5	10.5	10.7	10.3
National Average	12.0	11.5	12.2	13.1	12.3

Blood Group	YTD		
A Neg	13.7		
A Pos	13.0		
AB Neg	12.5		
AB Pos	13.5		
B Neg	10.8		
B Pos	11.9		
O Neg	10.7		
O Pos	11.9		

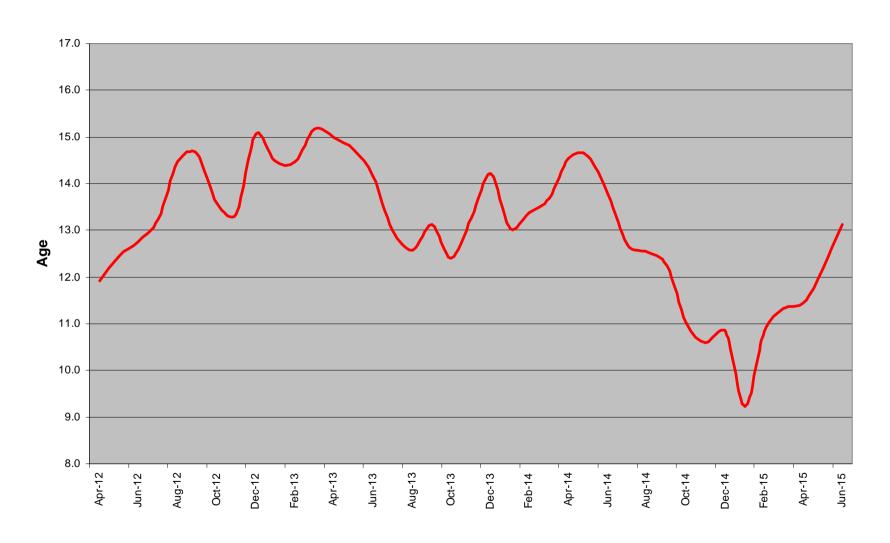
Data excludes irradiated and paediatric units

The YTD national average has increased slightly to 12.3 days; (2014/15: 12.0 days)

YTD Range: 10.3 – 13.6 days



Age of Red Cells at Dispatch





Daily Red Cell Stock Levels





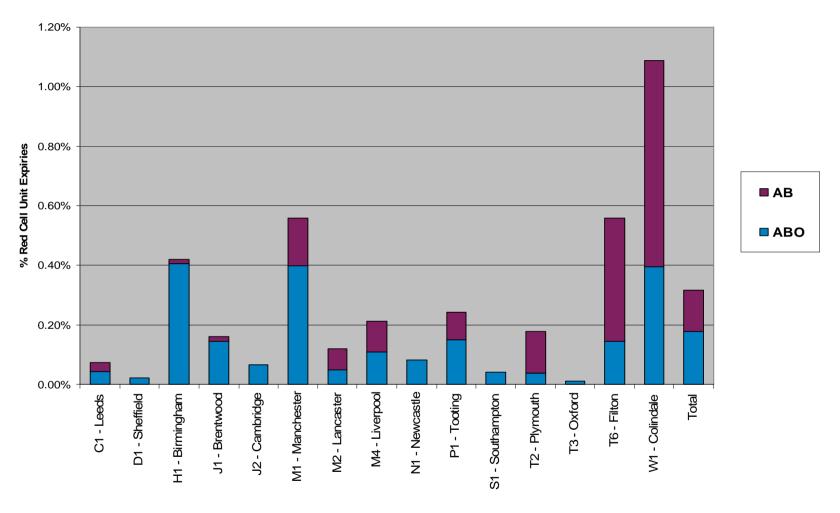
Time Expired Red Cells

Blood Group	YTD	Monthly Average		
		YTD	2014/15	
A -	173	58	55	
A +	120	40	37	
В-	61	20	22	
B+	70	23	33	
0 -	94	31	54	
0+	195	65	86	
AB -	62	21	18	
AB+	507	169	234	
Total	1282	427	539	

(YTD per 10,000 issued: 2013/14 - **75**; 2014/15 - **39**; 2015/16 - **32**)

Red Cell Expiries as % of Red Cell Issues – YTD June 2015





YTD red cell expiries for all blood groups is 0.32% (0.14% AB) of red cell issues (equates to 1282 red cell units nationally)

2014/15: 0.39% (0.21% AB)



% O RhD Negative Red Cells Issued

- Directly related to hospital demand
- Maintaining an adequate O RhD negative stock is a persistent challenge



NHS Blood and Transplant

% O RhD Negative Red Cells Issued

NHSBT Centre	2014/15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	YTD
Leeds	11.0%	11.2%	10.8%	11.0%	11.0%
Sheffield	11.3%	12.7%	12.1%	12.0%	12.3%
Birmingham	12.1%	12.4%	12.3%	12.7%	12.5%
Brentwood	11.8%	12.0%	10.5%	10.9%	11.2%
Cambridge	10.6%	10.1%	11.6%	12.2%	11.3%
Manchester	11.4%	12.5%	13.4%	12.1%	12.7%
Lancaster	11.5%	11.8%	10.8%	13.5%	12.0%
Liverpool	11.5%	11.4%	12.0%	11.5%	11.6%
Newcastle	13.0%	13.4%	13.1%	14.2%	13.6%
Tooting	14.0%	13.5%	14.6%	15.0%	14.4%
Southampton	12.3%	12.4%	12.1%	13.4%	12.6%
Plymouth	13.3%	14.2%	12.2%	12.7%	13.0%
Oxford	12.4%	13.4%	13.3%	14.2%	13.7%
Filton	11.3%	10.7%	11.3%	12.4%	11.5%
Colindale	11.4%	11.6%	11.1%	10.9%	11.2%
National Average	12.1%	12.3%	12.4%	12.7%	12.5%

The % O RhD negative issues have shown a gradual increase

2012/13: 11.5%

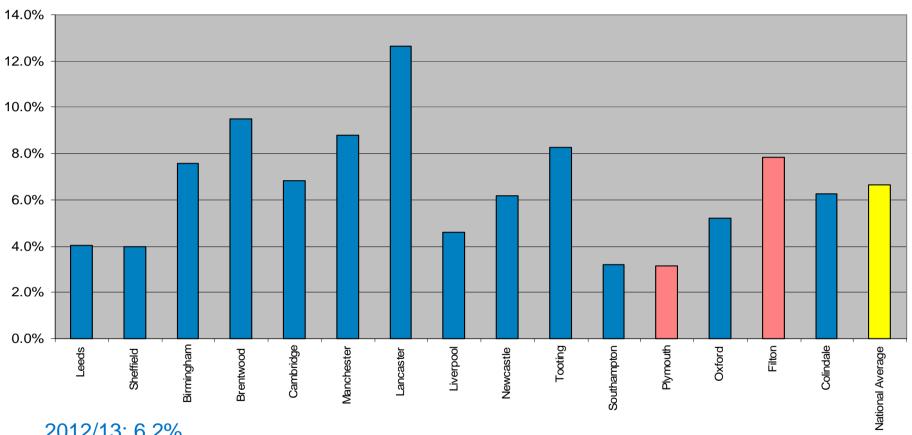
2013/14: 11.8%

2014/15: 12.1%

2015/16: 12.5%



Platelet Expiries as a % of Platelet Issues (exc. B/H)



2012/13: 6.2%

2013/14: 5.8%

2014/15: 5.4%

2015/16: 6.7%



Issue Data

- Red cell demand is continuing to decrease whilst O neg red cell issues remain relatively stable
- Platelet use is continuing to steadily increase
- Frozen component: FFP use is slowly declining whilst
 Cryo use is increasing

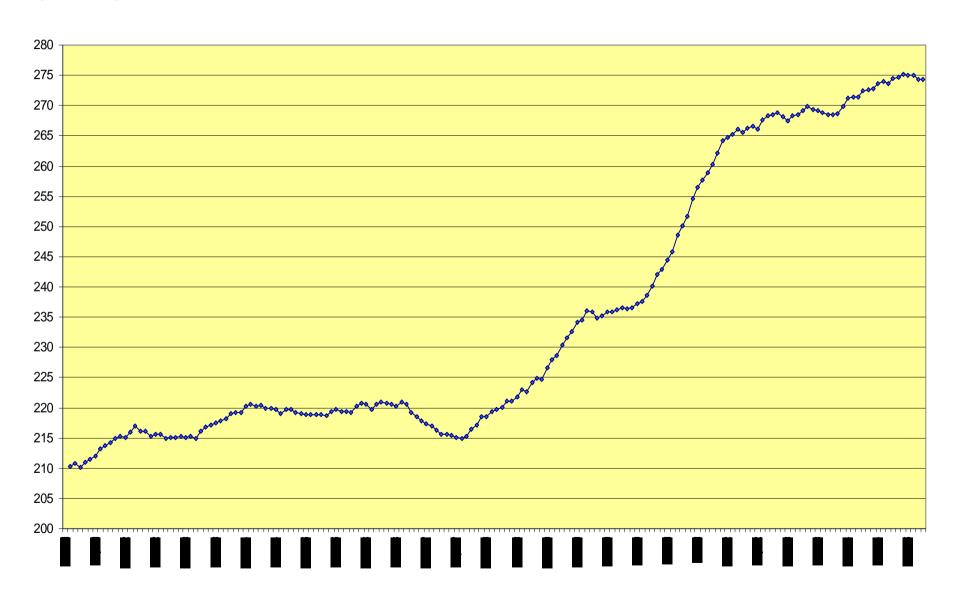
Moving Annual Total of Red Cell Issues to Hospitals (000's)





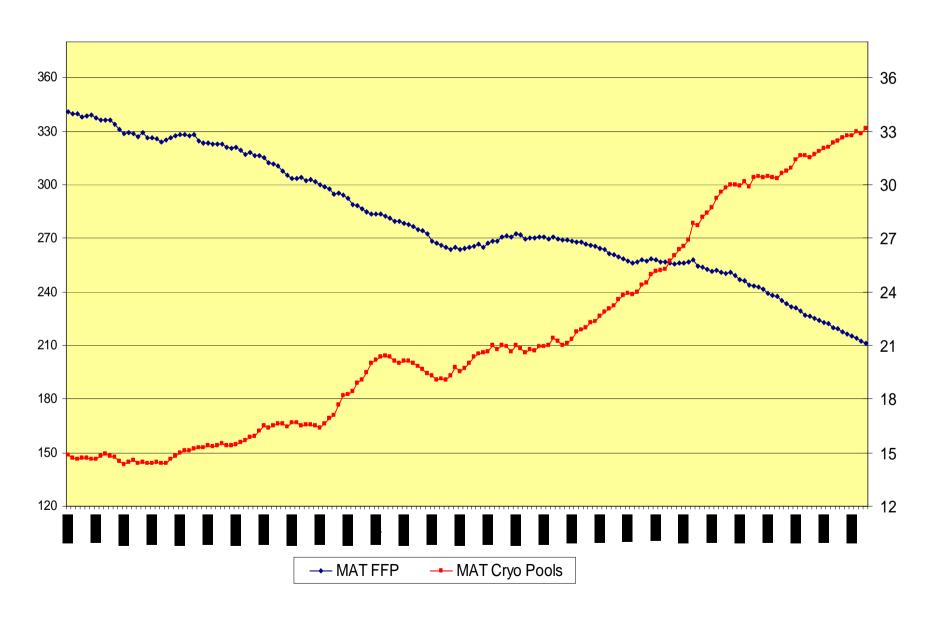
Moving Annual Total of Platelet Issues to Hospitals (000's)





Moving Annual Total of FFP and Cryo Issues to Hospitals (000's)







Thank you Any Questions?

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