

Component request and allocation process – user guide

Introduction.

This document provides reference material that defines the roles and responsibilities required to ensure a smooth chronological order to the process for approval, registering and validating new components with the aim of providing support for stakeholders who are unfamiliar with the process.

Scope.

This process applies to components that are not considered as novel, as identified in chapter 8 of the Red Book. Such components may require a lower degree of validation than that identified in the Red Book.

Note that the process for requesting and approving novel components is managed separately in chapter 8 of the Red Book and although there is some crossover with chapter 8, this document provides more operational guidance relating to non-novel components.

The process applies to the allocation of codes in CODABAR format only

Purpose.

To provide users with more detailed instructions on actions to be taken when requesting new component codes for non-novel components that have been pre-approved for clinical use.

Key stakeholders

Change Manager; collaborates with other Blood Services, raises request, works with I.T. to set up new component codes in internal supply chain, manages manufacture and validation of the new component under routine conditions, feeds back to SAC's, arranges for inclusion of component into required published materials.

Standing Advisory Committee on Blood Components (SACBC) sub-group; reviews request and communicates outcome to Chair of SACBC.

Chair of SACBC; refers change request to SACBC sub-group, communicates outcome of request to Change Manager.

Representative from each Blood Service (either as member of sub-group or via other collaborative involvement); feed backs details of any changes to proposed label text to Chair of SACBC.

SACBC; reviews outcome of validation activities and considers next steps.

IT systems support (individual Blood Service); refers application to SACIT, works with Change Manager to set up new component codes in internal supply chain.

Standing Advisory Committee on Information Technology (SACIT); allocates new component codes, communicates details of new codes across UK Blood Services (via

membership of SACIT), receives information on outcomes, ensures that any proposed changes to label text do not impact on code mapping table.

Additional activities will be managed in more detail via the application of approved and validated procedures under the corresponding areas of responsibility in the relevant Blood Transfusion Service.

It is important to note that, although the change manager starts the process by requesting new component(s), the creation of new components may already have been pre-approved as a result of strategic direction of the Blood Service. However, the process remains the same and a formal request must still be made so that there is a documented auditable trail of the actions taken.

The process map includes details of request, creation, validation, outcome reporting and inclusion into published materials for new components. It does not manage activities going forward (e.g. routine implementation, operational requirements, component monitoring, event reporting etc.), which are managed via systems appropriate to individual Blood Services.

A summary of the steps is provided below;

Summary of process:

- Request for new component code
- Review and approval by SACBC
- Further review by IT systems support and SACIT
- Allocation of component code by SACIT
- Assimilation of component code into the I.T. system (e.g. label text, required parameters)
- Validation of new component
- Final review and approval

More details are available in the accompanying document suite.

This includes;

- both vertical and horizontal process maps to guide the user through the process
- the form to be used when requesting new components.

Appendix 2

Component Code (Codabar) Request Form

UK Blood Services			
Component Code (CODABAR) Request Form (to be used in conjunction with processes defined in Red Book)			
Section 1; Details of request – To be completed by Requestor / Change Manager			
Requestor Name:		Email address:	
Organisation:		Change control:	(insert CC reference number)
Component Description (including method of manufacture)		Reason for request	
Shelf Life			
Anticoagulant Volume			
Additive Volume			
Storage Temperature			
Volume of component			
Other parameters (e.g. Haematocrit)			
Proposed Label Text (Max Chars)			
Component Description line 1			
Component Description line 2			
Please enter the contact details of individuals from other Blood Services who have already been consulted regarding this request:			
Please send this form to SACBC for review			
Section 2; Outcome of request – To be completed by SACBC			
Approved/ Not approved (Delete as necessary)			
Signed on behalf of SACBC		Date:	
Please send this form back to the Requestor / Change manager and request that they liaise with I.T. systems support within their organisation			
Section 3; To be completed by I.T. Systems Support			
Further information required? Yes / No (delete as applicable)			
Enter details of further information;			
Signed on behalf of I.T. Systems Support		Date:	
Please send this form to SACIT for review			
Section 4; To be completed by SACIT			
Component code(s) allocated;			
Signed on behalf of SACIT:		Date:	
Please return this form to I.T. Systems Support			

Appendix 3

Request and approval process - vertical and horizontal guides

Component request and allocation process – vertical process map.

Note; This process map provides information on the operational steps taken by Blood Services in conjunction with the relevant oversight and approval groups when new, but not novel, components are required.

For requests relating to novel components, refer to Red Book chapter 8.

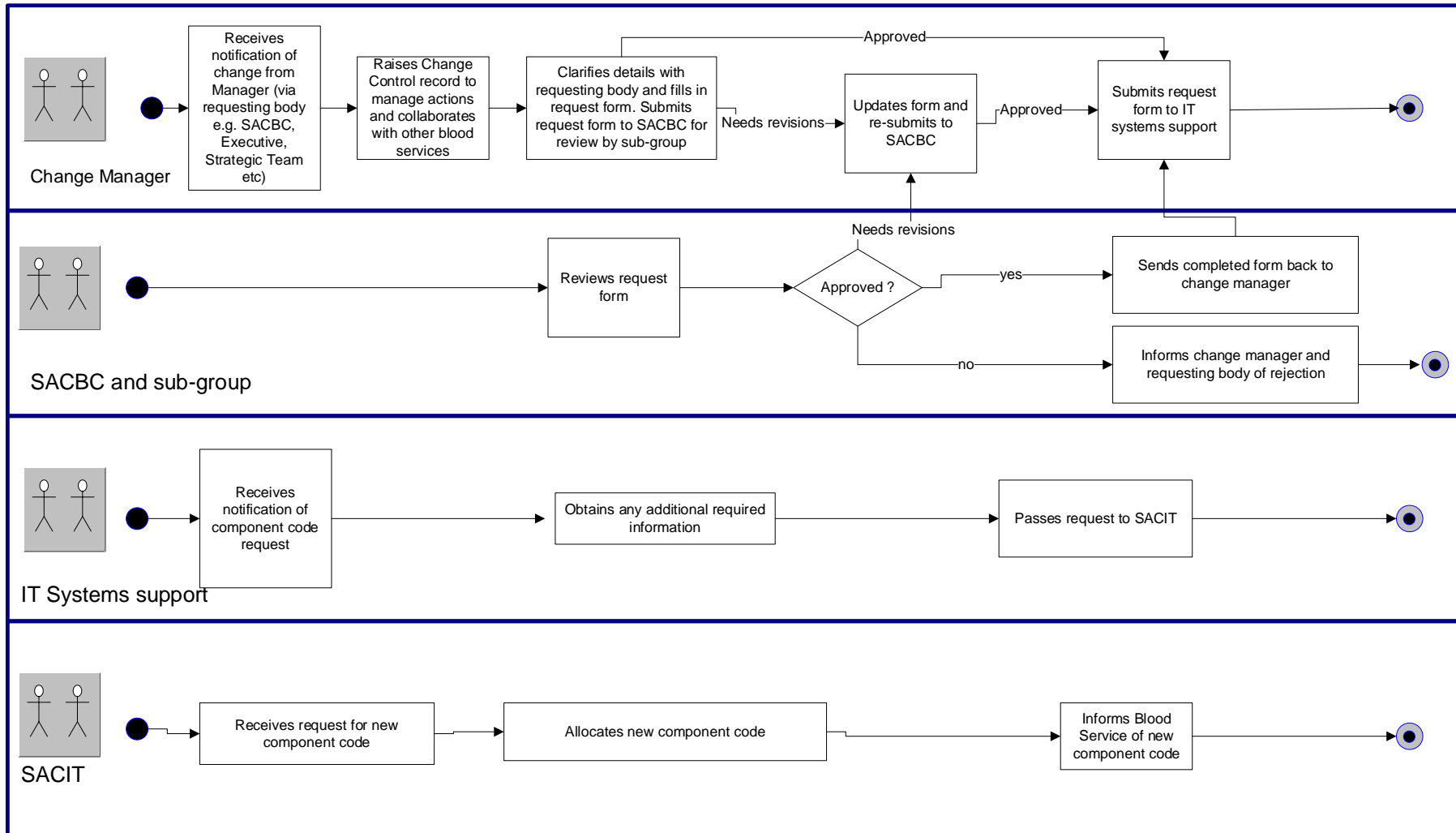
Step / Responsibility	Actions	Information
<i>Request and approval process</i>		
1. Change Manager	<p>Receives notification of change from Manager</p> <p>Raises Change Control record to manage actions</p> <p>Collaborates with other Blood Services to ensure awareness</p> <p>Clarifies details with requesting body and fills in request form.</p> <p>Submits request form to SACBC</p>	<p>Via requesting body e.g. SACBC, Executive, Strategic Team etc</p> <p>Managed by individual Blood Transfusion Service</p> <p>Document available from JPAC website document library</p>
2. SACBC Chair	<p>Reviews request form</p> <p>Sends request form to SACBC sub-group for review and feedback</p>	
3. SACBC sub-group	<p>Reviews request</p> <p>Seeks advice from other experts within Blood Services where required</p> <p>Feeds back outcome to Chair of SACBC</p>	
4. SACBC Chair	<p>Feeds back outcome to Change Manager</p>	
5. Change Manager	<p>If revisions/ amendments are required, updates form and re-submits to SACBC</p>	
6. SACBC Chair	<p>Upon approval of request, sends completed form back to Change Manager</p>	SACBC signs final approval
7. Change Manager	<p>Submits completed and approved request form to IT Systems Support</p>	Individual Blood Service I.T. team
8. IT Systems Support	<p>Receives notification of component code request</p> <p>Obtains any additional information that is required</p> <p>Passes request to SACIT</p>	
9. SACIT	<p>Receives request for new component code</p> <p>Allocates new component code</p> <p>Informs Blood Service(s) of new component code</p>	

Component creation, qualification and final approval (actions captured in line with local change control procedures)		
10. IT Systems Support	Receives notification of new component code from SACIT Sends information to Change Manager Awaits further information from Change Manager	e.g. next steps, timescales for work plan etc
11. Change Manager	Receives information from IT systems support	
12. Change Manager and individual Blood Services in conjunction with IT Systems Support	Completes internal Blood Service documentation relating to new component code Sets up new component barcodes and labels on IT 'test' system	e.g. component parameters and associated corresponding I.T. entries in computer system
13. Individual Blood Services	If there are any required changes to the label text, collaborate with colleagues from other Blood Services to determine if any standardisation is possible Once text has been finalised inform the Chair of SACBC	e.g. due to limited space on label, recent change notifications etc may still vary by Blood Service due to local restrictions on label space
14. SACBC Chair	Receives notification of changes to label text and updates records Informs SACIT Chair of any changes	
15. SACIT Chair	Reviews changes and ensures that they do not impact on code mapping tables If there are any impacts, liaises with individual Blood Services to determine the scope for further improvements	
16. Change Manager and individual Blood Services in conjunction with IT Systems Support	On agreement of final label text, tests component codes on 'test' system On satisfactory results, IT Systems Support uploads new codes onto 'live' system	Codes to remain inactive until qualification activities commence. Individual Service change control processes will manage this.
17. Change Manager	Completes qualification activities using new component codes If outcome is satisfactory, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notifies SACBC, SACIT and component strategy groups of the outcome • Requests approval via SACBC for routine use of the component If outcome is not satisfactory, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removes internal functionality to 	

	<p>manufacture the component</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notifies SACBC, SACIT and component strategy groups of outcome 	
18. SACBC	<p>Receives notification of outcome of qualification activities</p> <p>Reviews data and considers approval for routine use of components and inclusion in Red Book</p> <p>Liaises with JPAC regarding recommended way forward</p> <p>Informs Change Manager of the outcome.</p>	<p>May also involve communications with other Service strategy groups etc</p>
19. Change Manager	<p>Receives notification of outcome from SACBC</p> <p>If not approved, manages further actions via internal Service change control procedures</p> <p>If approved,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arranges for production of component barcodes for issue to customers • Provides details to relevant bodies for inclusion in Red Book, Component portfolio, controlled document library, online blood ordering systems etc • Informs Finance department of new component 	<p>Barcodes may already have been issued to limited customers during qualification period</p> <p>For consideration of potential costs associated with component</p>

Component request and allocation process – horizontal process map

Request and approval process



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graph LR
    subgraph IT_systems_support [IT systems support]
        IT1(( )) --> IT1_1[Receives notification of new component code from SACIT]
        IT1_1 --> IT1_2[Sends information to change manager]
        IT1_2 --> IT1_3[Awaits further information from Change Manager (e.g. next steps, timescales for work plan etc)]
        IT1_3 --> IT1_4(( ))
    end

    subgraph Change_manager_1 [Change manager]
        CM1(( )) --> CM1_1[Receives feedback from I.T. systems support]
        CM1_1 --> CM1_2[Completes qualification activities using new component codes]
        CM1_2 --> CM1_3{Qualification outcome approved?}
        CM1_3 -- No --> CM1_4[Removes internal functionality to manufacture the component]
        CM1_3 -- Yes --> CM1_5[Notifies SACBC, SACIT and component strategy groups of the outcome]
        CM1_4 --> CM1_6[Notifies SACBC, SACIT and component strategy groups of outcome]
        CM1_5 --> CM1_7[Requests approval via SACBC for routine use of the component]
        CM1_6 --> CM1_8(( ))
        CM1_7 --> CM1_8
    end

    subgraph Change_manager_2 [Change manager, representatives from each Blood Service and IT systems support]
        CM2(( )) --> CM2_1[Completes internal Blood service documentation relating to new component code (e.g. Component creation forms)]
        CM2_1 --> CM2_2[Sets up new component barcodes on IT 'test' system]
        CM2_2 --> CM2_3[Representatives from each Blood Service collaborate together regarding any required changes to labelling (due to limited space on label etc)]
        CM2_3 --> CM2_4[Each Blood Service informs Chair of SACBC regarding any changes to labelling]
        CM2_4 --> CM2_5[Tests component codes on 'test' system]
        CM2_5 --> CM2_6[On satisfactory results, IT systems and support uploads new codes onto 'live' system]
    end

    subgraph SACBC_and_SACIT [SACBC and SACIT]
        SACBC1(( )) --> SACBC1_1[SACBC Chair notifies SACIT Chair of changes to label text]
        SACBC1_1 --> SACBC1_2[SACIT Chair ensures no impact on component mapping codes and liaises with Blood Services if necessary]
        SACBC1_2 --> SACBC1_3[SACBC Chair receives notification of outcome of qualification activities]
        SACBC1_3 --> SACBC1_4[Reviews data and considers request for approval for routine use of components and inclusion in Red Book (may involve communications with internal component strategy groups etc)]
        SACBC1_4 --> SACBC1_5[Liaises with JPAC regarding recommended way forward]
        SACBC1_5 --> SACBC1_6[Informs change manager of the outcome]
        SACBC1_6 --> SACBC1_7(( ))
    end

    subgraph Change_Manager_approval [Change Manager (on approval by SACBC)]
        CM3(( )) --> CM3_1[Receives approval from SACBC]
        CM3_1 --> CM3_2[Arranges for production of component barcodes for issue to customers]
        CM3_2 --> CM3_3[Provides details for inclusion in Red Book, Component portfolio, controlled document library, online blood ordering systems etc]
        CM3_3 --> CM3_4[Informs Finance department of new component]
        CM3_4 --> CM3_5(( ))
    end

    IT1_4 --> CM1_1
    CM1_2 --> CM2_1
    CM2_4 --> SACBC1_1
    CM2_5 --> CM2_6
    CM2_6 --> CM3_1
    CM1_3 -- No --> CM2_1
    CM1_3 -- Yes --> CM2_1
    CM1_4 --> CM2_1
    CM1_5 --> CM2_1
    CM1_6 --> CM2_1
    CM1_7 --> CM2_1
    CM1_8 --> CM2_1
    CM2_6 --> CM3_1
    CM3_4 --> CM1_8
  
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The diagram illustrates the process of creating a new component code, divided into five lanes:

- IT systems support:** Receives notification of new component code from SACIT, Sends information to change manager, Awaits further information from Change Manager (e.g. next steps, timescales for work plan etc).
- Change manager:** Receives feedback from I.T. systems support, Completes qualification activities using new component codes, Qualification outcome approved? (Yes/No), Removes internal functionality to manufacture the component, Notifies SACBC, SACIT and component strategy groups of outcome, Requests approval via SACBC for routine use of the component.
- Change manager, representatives from each Blood Service and IT systems support:** Completes internal Blood service documentation relating to new component code (e.g. Component creation forms), Sets up new component barcodes on IT 'test' system, Representatives from each Blood Service collaborate together regarding any required changes to labelling (due to limited space on label etc), Each Blood Service informs Chair of SACBC regarding any changes to labelling, Tests component codes on 'test' system, On satisfactory results, IT systems and support uploads new codes onto 'live' system.
- SACBC and SACIT:** SACBC Chair notifies SACIT Chair of changes to label text, SACIT Chair ensures no impact on component mapping codes and liaises with Blood Services if necessary, SACBC Chair receives notification of outcome of qualification activities, Reviews data and considers request for approval for routine use of components and inclusion in Red Book (may involve communications with internal component strategy groups etc), Liaises with JPAC regarding recommended way forward, Informs change manager of the outcome.
- Change Manager (on approval by SACBC):** Receives approval from SACBC, Arranges for production of component barcodes for issue to customers, Provides details for inclusion in Red Book, Component portfolio, controlled document library, online blood ordering systems etc, Informs Finance department of new component.