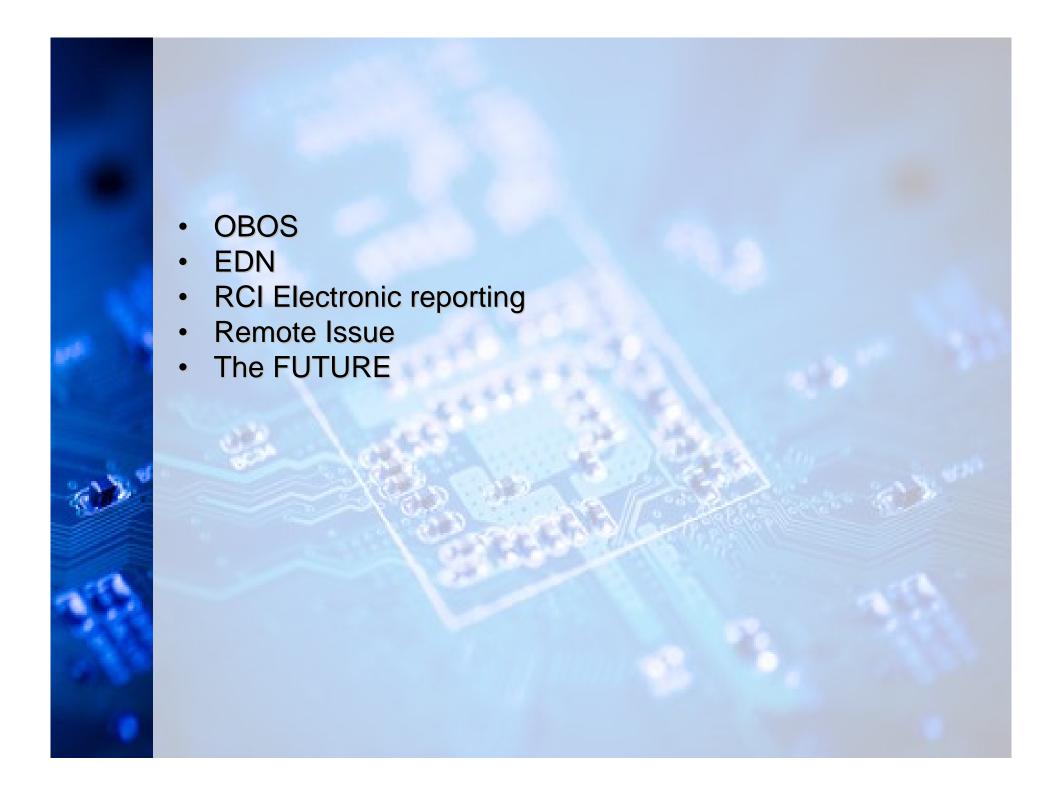
# Electronic Issue and beyond

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- Requirements for Electronic Issue (E.I.)
- MSBOS
- LIMS Validation
- MHRA Guidance
- Introduction of EI and E.I. on-demand

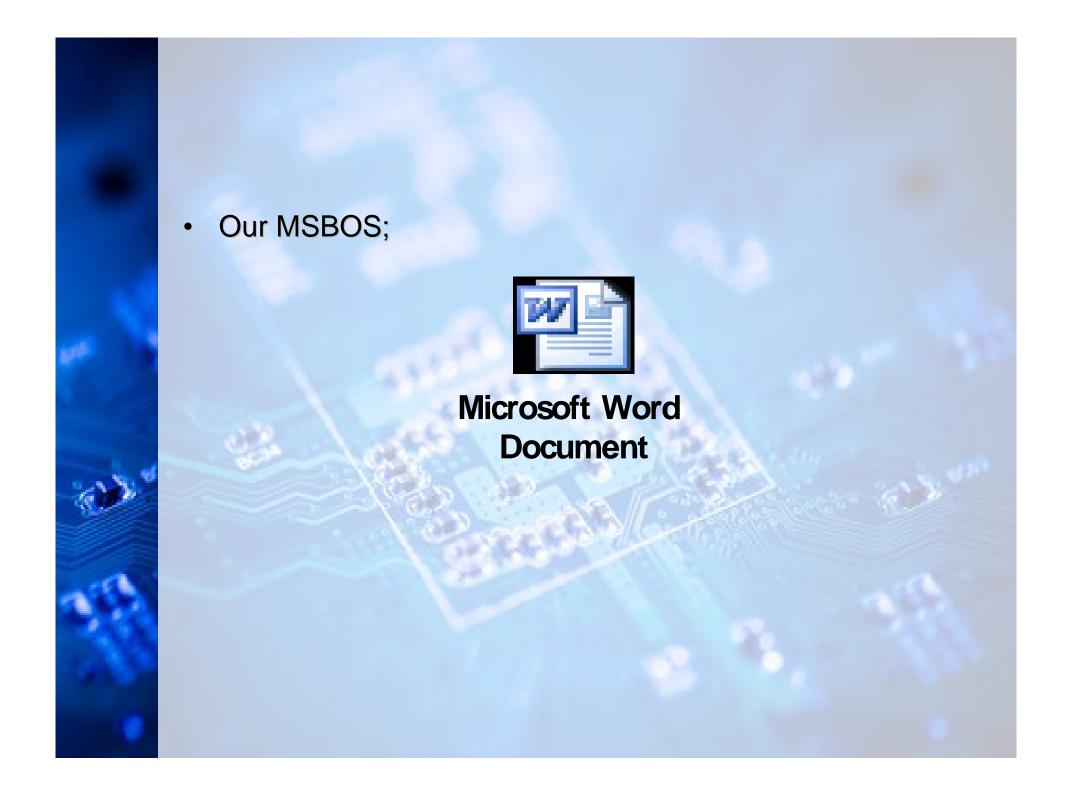




- Vein to Vein traceability
- Bedside tracking IT systems
- Transfusion networks

# Maximum (Surgical) Blood Ordering Schedule.

- A List of operations routinely performed by your Trust and the "agreed" number of units which the Transfusion laboratory will usually issue to cover a patients operation having the "said" procedure.
- For operations on-site and off-site, especially if there is a significant time delay due to transportation requirements.
- MSBOS agreed by Trust HTC and regularly reviewed by HTC.
- See our MSBOS; next slide pdf embedded.



## **BCSH Computer Guidelines**

- Guidelines for blood bank computing
  - Transfusion Medicine, 2000, 10, 307-314.
- The specification and use of information technology systems in blood transfusion practice.
  - Transfusion Medicine, 2007, 17, 1–21.
- MHRA guidance on E.I.
- NEW guidelines



- The 2 sample or 2 group "rule" was stated purely in the context of the safety of Electronic Issue (EI).
- Intended to detect laboratory errors that could lead to incorrect blood component transfused errors.



As presented by our BBTS president this morning;

# New BSCH Guidelines for Compatibility Testing

 In the absence of secure bedside electronic patient identification systems, it is highly recommended that a second sample is requested for confirmation of the ABO group of a first time patient, where this does not impede the delivery of urgent red cells or components.

## Most common problem and MOST Difficult to eradicate

WBIT, WBIT...

WRONG
BLOOD IN
TUBE
(WBIT)



# 2010 SHOT Report: IBCT Category

- Phlebotomy errors resulting in WRONG BLOOD IN TUBE.
  - 3 cases in which the patient was transfused.
  - One of these was ABO incompatible.
  - No fatalities in that reporting year.

## New BSCH Guidelines for Compatibility Testing

- 2 samples (giving the same group result) give greater confidence that the correct blood is in the tube.
- Recognise that an IAT crossmatch will NOT detect WBIT errors.
- Recognise that the 2 sample-rule is NOT directly concerned with electronic issue.

# 2010 SHOT Report: Near Miss Category

- 386/863 (45%) near miss reports relate to wrong blood in tube.
- "This remains the most common potential weakness in the process."

### **However Actual WBT%:**

- 2 very large users without computer assisted bedside monitoring systems; 0.02% relate to wrong blood in tube.
- Still a weakness in the process."
- Crossmatching will NOT pick these up!

## What is Electronic Issue. (E.I)

- Computer matching of Blood v Patient.
- NHSBT guarantee the blood that is in a labelled unit is the Blood Group that is written on their label.
- With two separate venepuncture samples tested, latest of which should be by fully automated validated system;
   We have a confidence in the Blood Group and Antibody screen of the blood in the tube, patient.

## What is Electronic Issue. (E.I)

- The validated Computer System, LIMS, matches the two together to E.I.
- However if as in our hospital you get a call from theatre to say, "My Anaesthetist wants real blood not electronic blood please", you know you have failed in Training or Education!

# Introduce E.I. **Change Control** Computer LIMS validated **Training** Savings! Time and Stress

#### What is E.I. on demand

- E.I on demand; moves away from MSBOS for patients that are suitable for E.I.
- No more issuing blood just to cover procedures.
- No more Routine Return to Stock/Dereservation of numerous unneeded units for numerous patients.
- Their must be <u>trust</u> between Theatre and Blood Transfusion that we can issue blood to a patient, pack that blood, all within 10 minutes of a call from Theatre.

### Introduce E.I. on demand

- TRAINING
- Introduce E.I. on demand to Trust
- Savings! 15 20% of Trust Blood Budget;
   circa >£ 150 K/ annum
- More Time to Transfusion department
- Stress? Good Major Haemorrhage protocols & system.

# Online Blood Ordering system; OBOS

- Introduce OBOS
- Change Control
- Training
- SOP's
- Use

## Electronic Delivery Notes; EDN

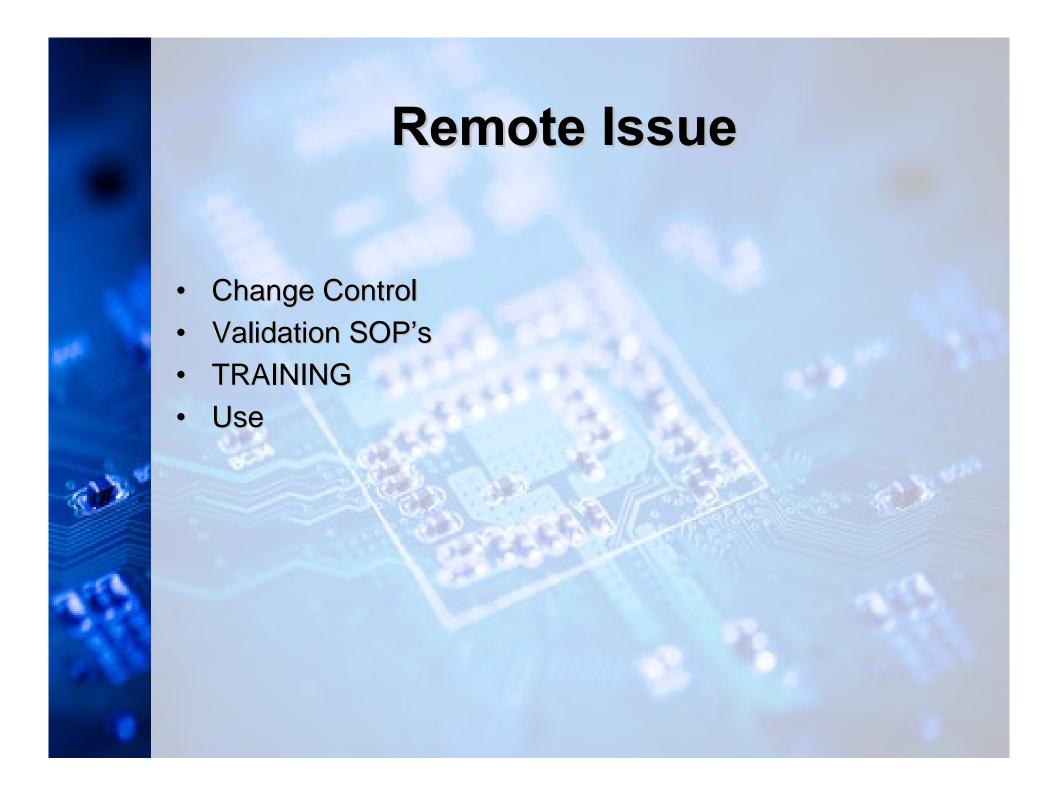
- LIMS communicates and downloads NHSBT delivery notes including all Rh. and K phenotypes.
- Change Control and validation
- Training
- SOP's
- Use

# NHSBT RCI Laboratories to report Electronically

- We are in the 21<sup>st</sup> century and RCI Labs and Transfusion Laboratories have digital recording system and so we should not be far away!
- Change Control
- Validation SOP's
- Use

#### Remote Issue

- Again remember we are in the 21<sup>st</sup>Centuary
- Both, or a number of, hospitals linked and all samples processed by MHRA compliant laboratory.
- Transfusion Laboratories have digital recording system and so we should be able to issue blood to near and far away using secure Remote Issue Blood banks!



## The FUTURE!!!!!!

- Therefore can we extend our systems and knowledge using validated digital recording systems (LIMS etc) to issue blood safely when patients in our current practices would not be E.I?
- (providing we have a digital vein to vein traceability system, digital phlebotomy and bedside checking system).

#### The FUTURE!!!!!!

- A patient with a previous history of a clinically insignificant antibody that now has a Negative antibody screen, could we E.I. I would like to say, yes, therefore...
- A patient with a previous history of a clinically SIGNIFICANT antibody that now has a Negative antibody screen, could we E.I. I would like to say, yes, again, therefore...
- Could we then say also, remote issue?

