Anti- Ge2 Antibodies

Emma Gravett Kings College Hospital

Overview

- Case Study patient for surgery
- Positive panel- refer to NHSBT
- Liaising with clinicians
- Conclusion

Background

- Patient with no history arrives at Kings (surgical), G&S sample sent for "?theatre"
- Group is B RhD Positive, 3 cell screen all positive, panel positive, auto is negative.

Results

```
... Not EXm Eligible
| Sample Valid Until: 12/10/2016 15:30
pA Order Comms Request
                             Sample testing completed.
pA Blood Group
                              B Rh D POSITIVE
pB Antibody Report
                              Pan reactive. Sent to reference laboratory for
                                antibody confirmation
nA Automated Full Group Reactions
pA Anti A
pA Anti B
pA Anti D1
pA Rh Control
pA A Cell
pA B Cell
pA Antibody Screen
                             POSITIVE
pA Ab Screen 1
pA Ab Screen 2
pA Ab Screen 3
pA Antibody Identification
    | [PANEL] 1. PANEL 1 R1433360 13/10/2016
       [ABODS]
pΑ
       [CELLS]
                          1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1011
    | [RESLT] IAT
                          2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
pA Ab Panel Required (Y/N)
tE Rh (Rh) Phenotype
pE Anti C
pE Anti c
pE Anti E
pE Anti e
pE Anti K
pE Control
pE Most Probable Rh Genotype
                           R1R1 (C+D+E-c-e+)
                                Patient is K (Kell) Antigen NEGATIVE
nA Special Requirements
nΑ
```

Crossmatch results

```
Products: REDCELL x 2
Required: 06/10/2016 08:00
        : Small bowel obstruction
Details : Unit
                             Product.
                                                                           Date
                                         Group
                                                           Status
           *Auto*
                                                           *AUTO*
                                                                          07/10/2016
                            IAT (-)
          G052516724316Y
                                        O Rh D POSITIVE
                                                          RETURNED TO STOC08/10/2016
            NOT FOR ISSUE
                            IAT (2)
          G072416331644K
                                        O Rh D POSITIVE
                                                          RETURNED TO STOC08/10/2016
            NOT FOR ISSUE
                            IAT (2)
                                        O Rh D POSITIVE RETURNED TO STOC09/10/2016
          G072416337092U
            NOT CHECKED
                            IAT ()
                                        O Rh D POSITIVE
          G073516195303Q
                                                          RETURNED TO STOC06/10/2016
            NOT CHECKED
                            IAT ()
```

As patient was for surgery, units set up for crossmatch. The first two units were not used!

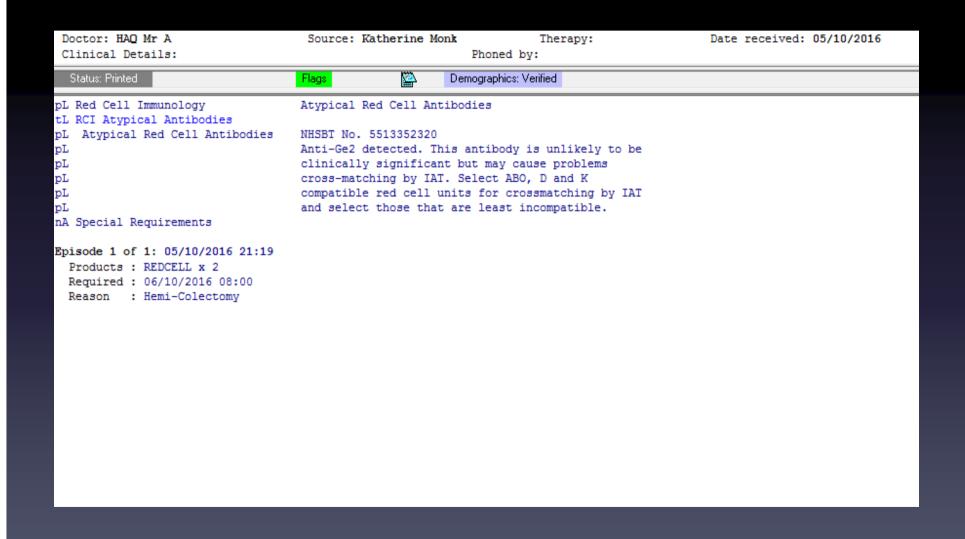
After core hours one weekday evening...

- Surgical ward called lab:
- Patient was going to theatre that evening
- 2 units of red cells would be required.
- Lab unable to provide crossmatched blood until NBS report was back...

Options

- BMS does not want responsibility of giving out unsafe units (?pan reactive auto , ?underlying alloantibody)
- Can surgery wait until tomorrow when report back?
- Cell Salvage?
- Concessionary release- doctor takes responsibility
- BMS attempts to buy more time!!

RCI to the rescue...



• Excellent! Report back. But hang on a minute... what is anti- Gez ??????

Anti-Ge2

- Anti- Ge2 is part of the Gerbich family of antibodies.
- OMIM states: Gerbich (anti-Ge2, Ge3) has been known to cause a haemolytic transfusion reaction
- People with Gerbich negative red cells more likely to exhibit elliptocytosis
- Gerbich antigens act as receptors for Plasmodium falciparum

Liaising with clinicians

- Phoned clinician with Ge2 report for this patient
- Explained this was an unusual antibody
- Explained some crossmatched units were incompatible
- Think this may have put them off surgery, until...

Fast forward 1 week and a hemicolectomy...

- Blood required on a more urgent basis this time.
- Samples had to be referred to RCI again to get a valid report to issue crossmatched units

```
pA Order Comms Request
                                Sample testing completed.
pA Blood Group
                               B Rh D POSITIVE
pB Antibody Report
                              Patinet known with Anti-Ge2, sample sent to NBS
nA Automated Full Group Reactions
pA Anti A
pA Anti B
pA Anti D1
pA Rh Control
pA A Cell
pA B Cell
pA Antibody Screen
                             POSITIVE
pA Ab Screen 1
pA Ab Screen 2
pA Ab Screen 3
pA Antibody Identification
       | [PANEL] 1. PANEL 1 R1433360
                                              13/10/2016
pΑ
ρA
       | [ABODS]
                          Patinet known with anti-Ge2, sample sent to N |
pΑ
       | [CELLS]
                          1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1011
       pA Ab Panel Required (Y/N)
pL Red Cell Immunology
                              Atypical Red Cell Antibodies
tL RCI Atypical Antibodies
pL Atypical Red Cell Antibodies Allo anti-Ge2 detected by IAT. This antibody is
pL
                                unlikely to be clinically significant but may
                                cause problems cross-matching by IAT. No
рL
pL
                                additional alloantibodies were identified by LISS
pL
                               tube. Select ABO and D compatible E- c- K- red
                              cell units for cross-matching by IAT.
υL
pA Special Requirements
pΑ
pΑ
```

nh Ward Teena Summaru

NHSBT to the rescue...

- Patients Rh/K requirements: c-E-K- limited stock of potential units on site
- Again liaise with NHSBT this time hospital services- to source suitable units for crossmatch to provide enough blood for patient

Finally

- Units were issued and the patient did recover
- Thankfully no transfusion reactions were reported

Learning Points

- Communication between lab staff with clinicians and NHSBT is key to work as a team for the benefit of the patient
- non clinically significant antibodies can still cause problems in supplying blood to the patient in a timely manner

Thoughts and Questions?